CONTENTS

1	Model for Computational and Predictive Analysis of Dried Length during Initial Air- Drying of Wet Clay Products Chukwuka I. Nwoye and Ihuoma E. Mbuka	1-6
2	Systematic Assessment of the Effect of Quantity of Supplied Electricity on the Solution pH during Electro-extraction of Iron from Haematite Chukwuka I. Nwoye* Ihuoma E. Mbukaand Joseph O. Kalu	7-10
3	Standardization of extraction of genomic DNA and PCR-RFLP conditions of <i>Allium stracheyi</i> : A high altitude plant Shashi Ranjan Garima Kishore, Vikash S Jadon, JP Bhatt and Sanjay Gupta	11-14
4	Antimicrobial potentials of some spices on beef sold in Gwagwalada market, FCT, Abuja Agarry Olubunmi Olaitan, Ugoh Sylvanus Chukwudi and Yusuf Abeku Margaret	15-17
5	Studies on the Pretreatment of wheat straw for improve production of Carboxymethyl Cellulase by thermophilic <i>Trichoderma viride</i> - FBL1 in Solid State fermentation Muhammad Irfan, Quratualain Syed, Muhammad Yousaf, Muhammad Nadeem, Shahjhan Baig and Saghir Ahmed Jafri	18-30
6	Management of Job-Related Teacher Burnout in Nigerian Schools Lekia Nwikina, Anthonia Nwanekezi	31-38
7	对黑洞的新观念和完整论证: 黑洞内部根本没有奇点(上篇) *** ==黑洞: 所有黑洞之最后命运就是由于发射霍金辐射而收缩成为宇宙中的最小引力黑洞 $(M_{bm}=m_p=1.09\times10^{-5}\mathrm{g}$,) 在爆炸中消亡于普郎克领域 Planck Era, 不可能塌缩成为奇点 == 张洞生	39-63
8	对广义相对论方程和当代科学界一些主流的新观念的理解和质疑 ====对广义相对论与许多近代物理学新观念的质疑,比如,奇点,黑洞, 霍金辐射,宇宙起源,普朗克领域,宇宙黑洞,真空能,宇宙常数==== 张洞生	64-95
9	对宇宙加速膨胀的最新解释: 这是由于在宇宙早期所发生的宇宙黑洞间的碰撞所造成的 张洞生	96-101